RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA (Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta) SECOND YEAR [BATCH 2016-19] B.A./B.Sc. FOURTH SEMESTER (January – June) 2018 Mid-Semester Examination, March 2018 **ECONOMICS** (Honours) : 14/03/2018 Date Full Marks : 50 Paper : IV Time : 2 pm – 4 pm [Use a separate Answer Book <u>for each group</u>] Group – A Answer the following questions : 1. a) Explain the concept of market failure. Discuss its causes. b) Discuss-Tragedy of the Commons [2.5]i)

- ii) Public good [2.5]Answer **any one** question : [1×15] 2. a) i) "Lewis model is not a neoclassical model rather it is a classical model." —Discuss. [10] ii) Discuss the context in which Lewis model has emerged. [5] b) i) What is the incentive problem in a contract? How is it related to the conflict with insurance and the time frame of a contract, particularly in the context of rural land market? [5] ii) How do you think the 'lack of enforcement' problem can be solved in the larger context of rural land, labour and capital market? [5]
 - iii) Illustrate the insurance problem associated with the land rentals.

Group – B

A tabular ANOVA representation based on the relationship between Y (dependent) & X 1. (independent) gives the following :

Value

df

ESS	5,602	1
RSS	698	10
TSS	6300	11

,where ESS = Explained Sum of Squares, RSS = Residual Sum of Squares & TSS = Total SS. Test the hypothesis that there is no relationship between Y & X in the proposed regression. [Note, at 5% level of significance, $F_{1,10} = 4.96$, $F_{1,11} = 4.84$ & $F_{10,11} = 2.85$]

2. Answer **any two** of the following :

SS

Formulate a two-variable population regression model without the intercept term. How would a) you estimate the slope parameter of such a model? Explain as to what will be your R^2 formula to assess the goodness of fit of the estimated model. [2+4+4]

[5]

[5×2]

[5]

b) You obtained the following regression result.

 $\hat{Y}_t = 50 - 2978 \cdot 5 X_t, r^2 = 0.6149$ (629.3)

(The figure in the bracket is the standard error)

- i) Find out the sample size (n) underlying the result. [4]
- ii) Derive the formula you used in coming up with the sample size. [6]
- c) i) "One should exercise great caution in using historical regression line to predict $E(Y|X_0)$ or Y_0 associated with a given X_0 that is far removed from the sample mean \overline{X} ." Justify this statement by looking at the confidence limits of both $E(Y|X_0) \& Y_0$. [7]
 - ii) Food expenditure is regressed on the log of total expenditure, giving rise to the following estimated lin-log model :

Food $Exp_i = -1283 + 257$ ln Total Exp_i

Both Food Exp_i & Total Exp_i are measured in rupees.

What change, on an average, in the expenditure on food would be, for 1% increase in the total expenditure?

[3]

_____ X _____